### Supporting your child at this time

### What should I tell my child?

- Children have amazing resilience and are less likely to worry if they know what's going on so don't be afraid to discuss Covid-19 with them.
- If they get fact-based information they are more likely to be reassured.
- Look at any conversation as a opportunity to be factual and set the emotional tone.
- Speak calmly and reassuringly, trying not to seem upset.

#### Follow your child's lead.

Some may want to spend a long time talking, others may not seem interested or don't ask many (any) questions. That's OK. Don't offer more detail than your child is interested in.





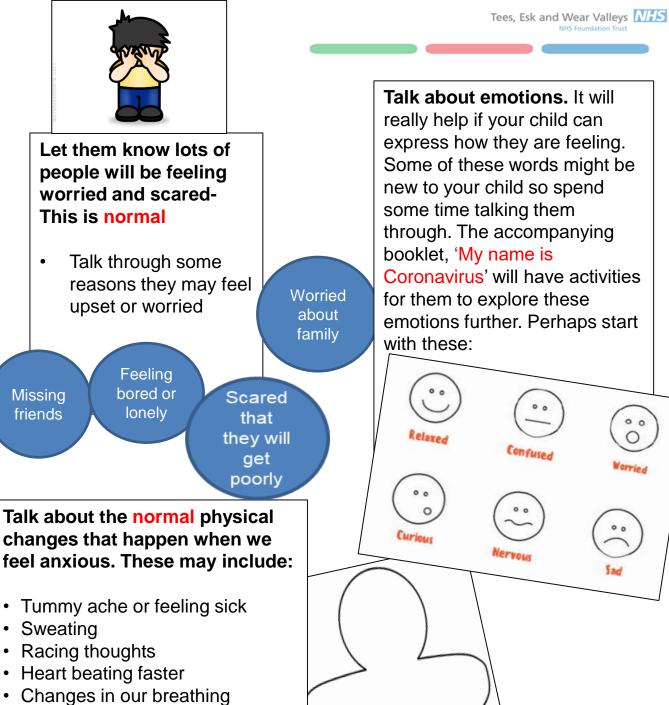
It will not always be possible to provide answers to all the questions children and young people may ask, or to allay all their concerns, so focus on listening and acknowledging their feelings to help them feel supported.

Try saying something like,

*"Even though we don't have all the answers right now, once we know more we'll let you know too."* 



together



Tense muscles or shaking

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Missing

friends

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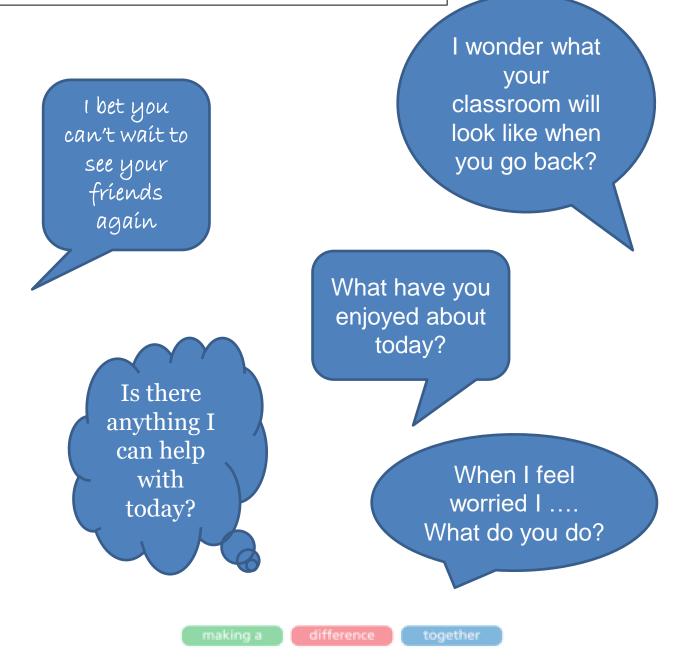
Sweating

You could draw these onto a body shape to get your child thinking about their physical feelings. Let them know these are our normal reactions to anxiety and will soon go away on their own.

## Give children time and space to share their feelings.

Spend some time doing a positive activity with your child e.g. playing, reading, painting. As well as being a great way to reduce their anxiety, it's also a good way to provide some space for them to talk. Here are suggested conversation starters as you play together.

# How are you feeling today?





# Useful Links

- Place2Be a guide to helping parents answer questions from their children and to support family wellbeing: <u>https://www.place2be.org.uk/about-us/news-and-</u> <u>blogs/2020/march/coronavirus-information-for-children/</u>
- Young Minds have a really useful page about talking to your child about Coronavirus and the whole site has many tips for keeping the whole family mentally healthy: <u>https://youngminds.org.uk/blog/talking-to-your-child-aboutcoronavirus/</u>
- A free resource is 'Coronavirus, A Book for Children' which is factbased and child-friendly with lovely illustrations. Available at: <u>https://nosycrow.com/blog/released-today-free-information-bookexplaining-coronavirus-children-illustrated-gruffalo-illustrator-axelscheffler/</u>
- A website with lots of tips for frugal things to do. The site is in categories and 'Indoor Fun' is worth a look: <u>www.familydaystriedandtested.com</u>
- If you are looking for things of a more academic nature, this website has free access to lots of ideas including videos by teachers that demonstrate fun learning opportunities to be recreated at home. It includes a competition zone and a parent zone too: www.offschool.org.uk
- The Anna Freud National Centre for Children and Families have produced excellent guidance and tips for ensuring the wellbeing of children and parents. Available at: <u>https://www.annafreud.org/onmy-mind/self-care/</u>
- There is a lot of useful information at: <u>http://www.durham.gov.uk/covid19mentalhealth</u>



All children and young people are different, but there are some common ways in which different age groups may react to a situation like the coronavirus outbreak. Understanding these may help you to know how to support your family.

#### Changes to look out for:

Children may respond to stress in different ways. Signs may be emotional (for example, they may be upset, distressed, anxious, angry or agitated), behavioural (for example, they may become more clingy or more withdrawn, they may wet the bed), or physical (for example, they may experience stomach aches).

Children may feel less anxious if they are able to express and communicate their feelings in a safe and supportive environment. Children who communicate differently to their peers may rely on you to interpret their feelings. Listen to them, acknowledge their concerns, and give them extra love and attention if they need it.





3 to 6-year olds. Younger children may return to behaviours they have outgrown. For example, toileting accidents, bedwetting, or being frightened about being separated from their parents or caregivers. They may also have tantrums or difficulty sleeping.

7 to 10-year olds. Older children may feel sad, angry, or afraid. Peers may share false information but parents or caregivers can correct the misinformation. Older children may focus on details of the situation and want to talk about it all the time, or not want to talk about it at all. They may have trouble concentrating.

### **Create a new routine**



Plan time outside if you can do so safely or see <u>Change4Life</u> for some ideas for indoor games and activities

Make a plan for the day or week that includes time for learning, playing and relaxing



Don't forget that sleep is really important for mental and physical health so try to keep to existing bedtime routines.

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# If your child is accessing mental health services such as CAMHS...

If your children have an existing mental health problem they may find the current uncertainty around the coronavirus outbreak particularly difficult.





### **Looking After Yourself**

#### Looking after yourself is also very important

• Our world is changing rapidly at the moment. Given some of the news coverage, it would be hard not to worry about what it all means for yourself, and for those you love.

#### When does worry become a problem?

• Everyone worries to some degree, and some thinking ahead can help us to plan and cope. There is no 'right' amount of worry. We say that worry becomes a problem when it stops you from living the life you want to live, or if it leaves you feeling demoralised and exhausted.

#### What can I do about worry?

- It is natural for you to worry at the moment, but if you feel that it's becoming excessive and taking over your life – for example if it's making you anxious, or if you're struggling to sleep – then it might be worth trying to find ways to limit the time you spend worrying, and taking steps to manage your well-being.
- **Maintain balance in your life.** Psychologists think that well-being comes from living a life with a balance of activities that give you feelings of pleasure, achievement and closeness. The *Activity Menu* on the following page contains suggestions of activities to help you to distract yourself during this difficult time and stay active. Remember that we're social animals we need connections to thrive and flourish.







#### An Activity Menu To Give You Some Ideas To Stay Occupied

#### Watch

A movie A TV show A YouTube video Something funny A new TV show or movie

#### Connect with people

Contact a friend Join a new group Join a political party Send a message to a friend Write a letter to a friend Reconnect with an old friend

#### Be active

Go for a walk Go for a run Go for a swim Go cycling Use an exercise video at home Try Tai Chi or Qigong Dance Try Pilates

#### Learn

Something new A new skill, fact or language Watch a tutorial video Visit an online museum, art gallery or zoo

#### Self-care

Take a bath or shower Wash your hair Give yourself a facial Trim your nails Sunbathe (wear sunscreen!) Reward yourself

#### Animals

Pet an animal Walk a dog Listen to the birds Stroke a cat

#### Clean

Clean the house Clean the yard Do the washing up Fill/empty the dishwasher Do laundry Organise your workspace

#### Create

Draw Paint Take a photograph Organise photographs Make a photograph album Craft Start a scrapbook Sew/knit

#### Nature

Try some gardening Plant something Do some pruning Mow the lawn Pick flowers Go for a walk in nature Sit in the sun

#### Try something new

New food New app New clothes Read a new book Do something spontaneous Volunteer for a good cause Expression Laugh

Cry Sing Shout Express yourself

#### Kindness

Help a friend/stranger Try a random act of kindness Do someone a favour Teach somebody a skill Plan a surprise for someone Make a list of your good points Make a list of things or people you are grateful for

#### Play

Play a board game Learn to juggle Play card games Play charades Play brain games Make a 'Happy Box'

#### Plan

Set a goal Create a budget Make a 5 year plan Make a 'to do' list Make a 'bucket list' Make a shopping list Tick something off your 'to do' list

#### Write

A letter with compliments A grateful letter A 'thank you' card A journal/diary Create your CV Write poetry

#### Music

Listen to music you like Find some new music to listen to Turn on the radio Make some music Play an instrument Listen to a podcast

#### Cook

Cook a meal for yourself Cook a meal for someone else Bake a cake Find a new recipe Plan a menu for a week

#### Mind

Daydream Meditate Pray Reflect Practise yoga Try mindfulness Do a jigsaw Get up extra early and watch the sunrise Do nothing and be silent for 5 minutes

#### Read

Read a favourite book Read a new book Read the newspaper Read your favourite website Download an audio book

#### Mend

Repair something Make something new Change a lightbulb Decorate a room Move your furniture around

ifference

together